

Appendix B

FOURIER COEFFICIENTS FOR NONBLACK DIFFUSE BOUNDARIES

Section 3.3 demonstrated an example calculation for steady-state heat conduction between two walls that are either black or non-black. In this section we derive the Fourier coefficients of the kernel function $K(\widehat{x}, \widehat{x}')$ and the inhomogeneous function $f(\widehat{x})$ for these two specific cases.

For steady-state heat conduction between two non-black walls as studied in Sec. 3.3, the inhomogeneous function becomes

$$f(\widehat{x}) = \frac{1}{2 \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \left[A_{1\omega} E_2 \left(\frac{\widehat{x}}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) + A_{2\omega} E_2 \left(\frac{1 - \widehat{x}}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] d\omega. \quad (\text{B.1})$$

Its Fourier coefficients in Eq. (3.34) are then given by:

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2 \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega \text{Kn}_\omega}{\tau_\omega} (A_{1\omega} + A_{2\omega}) \left[1 - 2E_3 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] d\omega, \quad (\text{B.2})$$

and

$$f_n = \frac{1}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \int_0^1 \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \text{Kn}_\omega \mu \frac{[A_{1\omega} + (-1)^n A_{2\omega}] - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} [(-1)^n A_{1\omega} + A_{2\omega}]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega, \quad (\text{B.3})$$

providing the right-hand side of Eq. (3.39). Under the same assumption of diffuse, non-black walls, the kernel function becomes

$$K(\widehat{x}, \widehat{x}') = \frac{1}{2 \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega G_\omega(\widehat{x}, \widehat{x}')}{\text{Kn}_\omega \tau_\omega} d\omega, \quad (\text{B.4})$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} G_\omega(\widehat{x}, \widehat{x}') &= E_2 \left(\frac{\widehat{x}}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \left[D_\omega E_1 \left(\frac{1 - \widehat{x}'}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) + B_{1\omega} E_1 \left(\frac{\widehat{x}'}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] \\ &+ E_2 \left(\frac{1 - \widehat{x}}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \left[D_\omega E_1 \left(\frac{\widehat{x}'}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) + B_{1\omega} E_1 \left(\frac{1 - \widehat{x}'}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] + E_1 \left(\frac{|\widehat{x} - \widehat{x}'|}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right). \end{aligned} \quad (\text{B.5})$$

Its Fourier coefficients k_{mn} are given by Eq. (3.35), and can be evaluated as:

$$k_{00} = \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega \text{Kn}_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \left\{ \frac{2}{\text{Kn}_\omega} - 1 + 2E_3 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right. \\ \left. + (2D_\omega + B_{1\omega} + B_{2\omega}) \left[\frac{1}{2} - E_3 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) - \frac{1}{2} E_2 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) + E_3 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) E_2 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] \right\} d\omega, \quad (\text{B.6})$$

and

$$k_{m0} = \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu [(-1)^m + 1] \left[e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} - 1 \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \quad (\text{B.7}) \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} (D_\omega + B_{1\omega}) \left[1 - E_2 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} (D_\omega + B_{2\omega}) \left[1 - E_2 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega,$$

and

$$k_{0n} = \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu [(-1)^n + 1] \left[e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} - 1 \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \quad (\text{B.8}) \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega \text{Kn}_\omega}{\tau_\omega} (D_\omega + B_{1\omega}) \left[\frac{1}{2} - E_3 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] \int_0^1 \frac{\left[1 - (-1)^n e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega \text{Kn}_\omega}{\tau_\omega} (D_\omega + B_{2\omega}) \left[\frac{1}{2} - E_3 \left(\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega} \right) \right] \int_0^1 \frac{\left[(-1)^n - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega,$$

and for $m \neq n$

$$k_{mn} = \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left\{ e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} [(-1)^m + (-1)^n] - [1 + (-1)^{m+n}] \right\}}{[1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2][1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2]} d\mu d\omega \quad (\text{B.9}) \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega D_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[(-1)^n - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega D_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[1 - (-1)^n e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega B_{1\omega}}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[1 - (-1)^n e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\ + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega B_{2\omega}}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[(-1)^n - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (n\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega,$$

and for $m \neq 0$

$$\begin{aligned}
k_{mm} = & \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \left\{ \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \frac{\tan^{-1}(m\pi \text{Kn}_\omega)}{m\pi \text{Kn}_\omega} d\omega + 2 \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[e^{-\frac{1}{(-1)^m \text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} - 1 \right]}{[1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2]^2} d\mu d\omega \right\} \\
& + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega D_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\
& + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega D_\omega}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\
& + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega B_{1\omega}}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[1 - (-1)^m e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega \\
& + \frac{2}{\int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega}{\tau_\omega} d\omega} \int_0^{\omega_m} \frac{C_\omega B_{2\omega}}{\tau_\omega} \int_0^1 \frac{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu \left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu \int_0^1 \frac{\left[(-1)^m - e^{-\frac{1}{\text{Kn}_\omega \mu}} \right]}{1 + (\text{Kn}_\omega \mu)^2 (m\pi)^2} d\mu d\omega. \quad (\text{B.10})
\end{aligned}$$

These equations specify the matrix elements of $\bar{\bar{A}}$ in Eq. (3.39). With the linear system specified, the coefficients of the temperature profile x_m can be easily obtained by solving a linear system.